

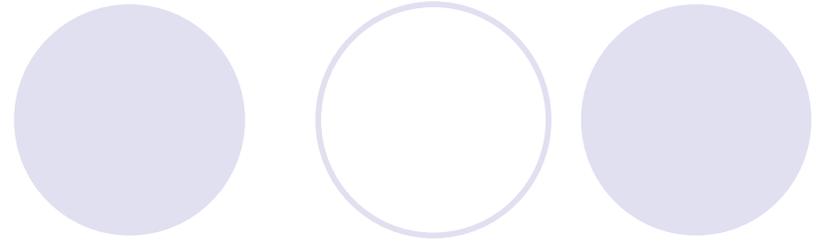


Arithmetic Expressions

Chapter 3

For Next Time

- Read Chapter 3



The Common Arithmetic Operators

| Operator | Meaning |
|----------|---------------------|
| + | addition |
| - | subtraction |
| * | multiplication |
| / | division |
| % | modulus (remainder) |

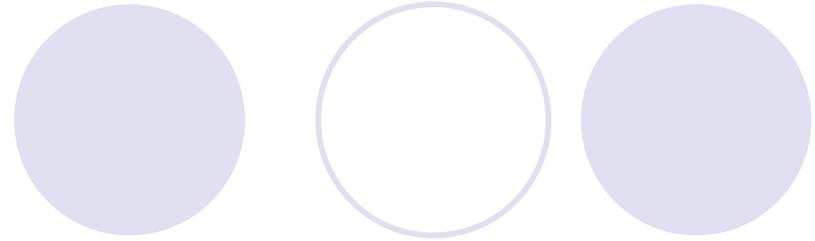
Binary vs. Unary Operators

- $+$, $-$, $*$, $/$, $\%$ are *binary* operators
 - Two operands
- $+$ (unary) and $-$ (unary) are *unary* operators
 - One operand

Precedence and Associativity

- The unary operators have highest precedence
- Next comes the multiplicative operators ($*$, $/$, $\%$)
- Finally, the additive operators ($+$, $-$)
- This is the same precedence rules as normal arithmetic
- Evaluation is performed for these operators left to right

+ is Overloaded



- An operator that has different meanings in different contexts is said to be *overloaded*
- + with numbers means *addition*
- + with strings means *concatenation*
 - Splicing one string with another
 - Strings can be concatenated with nonstrings

Arithmetic Abbreviations

- `x = x + 1;`
- `x += 1;`
- `x++;` or `++x;`
- Similar for `-`, `*`, `/`, `%`



Computing with Objects